



February 6, 2009

SENATE BILL No. 335

DIGEST OF SB 335 (Updated February 4, 2009 4:28 pm - DI 71)

Citations Affected: IC 13-19; IC 20-33; IC 34-6; IC 34-13; IC 34-30.

Synopsis: Student discipline. Provides that a school employee has qualified immunity for a disciplinary action taken in good faith under a discipline policy adopted by a school corporation. Provides certain procedures to be followed after a student is removed from a class for disciplinary reasons. Removes an expired provision.

Effective: July 1, 2009.

**Lubbers, Kruse, Charbonneau,
Rogers, Head**

January 8, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Education and Career Development.
February 5, 2009, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.

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SB 335—LS 7208/DI 71+



February 6, 2009

First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 335

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1 SECTION 1. IC 13-19-5-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2007,
2 SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3 JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 3. (a) The authority shall do the following under
4 this chapter:

5 (1) Be responsible for the management of all aspects of the
6 program.

7 (2) Prepare and provide program information.

8 (3) Negotiate the negotiable aspects of each financial assistance
9 agreement and submit the agreement to the budget agency for
10 approval.

11 (4) Sign each financial assistance agreement.

12 (5) Review each proposed project and financial assistance
13 agreement to determine if the project meets the credit, economic,
14 or fiscal criteria established by guidelines of the authority.

15 (6) Periodically inspect or cause to be inspected projects to
16 determine compliance with this chapter.

17 (7) Conduct or cause to be conducted an evaluation concerning

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the financial ability of a political subdivision to:

(A) pay a loan or other financial assistance and other obligations evidencing loans or other financial assistance, if required to be paid; and

(B) otherwise comply with terms of the financial assistance agreement.

(8) Evaluate or cause to be evaluated the technical aspects of the political subdivision's:

(A) environmental assessment of potential brownfield properties;

(B) proposed remediation; and

(C) remediation activities conducted on brownfield properties.

(9) Inspect or cause to be inspected remediation activities conducted under this chapter.

(10) Act as a liaison to the United States Environmental Protection Agency regarding the program.

(11) Be a point of contact for political subdivisions concerning questions about the program.

(12) Enter into memoranda of understanding, as necessary, with the department and the budget agency concerning the administration and management of the fund and the program.

(b) The authority may do the following under this chapter:

(1) Undertake activities to make private environmental insurance products available to encourage and facilitate the cleanup and redevelopment of brownfield properties.

(2) Enter into agreements with political subdivisions to manage any of the following conducted on brownfield properties:

(A) Environmental assessment activities.

(B) Environmental remediation activities.

(c) The authority may:

(1) negotiate with;

(2) select; and

(3) contract with;

one (1) or more insurers to provide insurance products as described in subsection (b)(1).

(d) Notwithstanding IC 13-23, IC 13-24-1, and IC 13-25-4, the authority is not liable for any contamination addressed by the authority under an agreement under subsection (b)(2) unless existing contamination on the brownfield is exacerbated due to gross negligence or intentional misconduct by the authority.

(e) For purposes of subsection (d), reckless, willful, or wanton misconduct constitutes gross negligence.

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(f) The authority is entitled to the same governmental immunity afforded a political subdivision under ~~IC 34-13-3-3(23)~~ **IC 34-13-3-3(22)** for any act taken to investigate or remediate hazardous substances, petroleum, or other pollutants associated with a brownfield under an agreement under subsection (b)(2).

SECTION 2. IC 20-33-8-8, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 8. (a) Student supervision and the desirable behavior of students in carrying out school purposes is the responsibility of:

- (1) a school corporation; and
- (2) the students of a school corporation.

(b) In all matters relating to the discipline and conduct of students, school corporation personnel:

- (1) stand in the relation of parents to the students of the school corporation; ~~and~~
- (2) have the right to take any disciplinary action necessary to promote student conduct that conforms with an orderly and effective educational system, subject to this chapter; **and**
- (3) have qualified immunity with respect to a disciplinary action taken to promote student conduct under subdivision (2) if the action is taken in good faith and is a reasonable action under a discipline policy adopted under section 12 of this chapter.**

(c) Students must:

- (1) follow responsible directions of school personnel in all educational settings; and
- (2) refrain from disruptive behavior that interferes with the educational environment.

SECTION 3. IC 20-33-8-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 9. (a) This section applies to an individual who:

- (1) is a teacher or other school staff member; and
- (2) has students under the individual's charge.

(b) An individual may take any action that is reasonably necessary to carry out or to prevent an interference with an educational function that the individual supervises.

(c) Subject to rules of the governing body and the administrative staff, an individual may remove a student for a period that does not exceed five (5) school days from an educational function supervised by the individual or another individual who is a teacher or other school staff member.

(d) If an individual removes a student from a class under

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subsection (c), the principal may place the student in another appropriate class or placement or into inschool suspension. The principal may not return the student to the class from which the student was removed until the principal has met with the student, the student's teacher, and the student's parents to determine an appropriate behavior plan for the student. If the student's parents do not meet with the principal and the student's teacher within a reasonable amount of time, the student may be moved to another class at the principal's discretion.

SECTION 4. IC 34-6-2-38, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2007, SECTION 223, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 38. (a) "Employee" and "public employee", for purposes of section 91 of this chapter, IC 34-13-2, IC 34-13-3, IC 34-13-4, and IC 34-30-14, mean a person presently or formerly acting on behalf of a governmental entity, whether temporarily or permanently or with or without compensation, including members of boards, committees, commissions, authorities, and other instrumentalities of governmental entities, volunteer firefighters (as defined in IC 36-8-12-2), and elected public officials.

(b) The term also includes attorneys at law whether employed by the governmental entity as employees or independent contractors and physicians licensed under IC 25-22.5 and optometrists who provide medical or optical care to confined offenders (as defined in IC 11-8-1) within the course of their employment by or contractual relationship with the department of correction. However, the term does not include:

- (1) an independent contractor (other than an attorney at law, a physician, or an optometrist described in this section);
- (2) an agent or employee of an independent contractor;
- (3) a person appointed by the governor to an honorary advisory or honorary military position; or
- (4) a physician licensed under IC 25-22.5 with regard to a claim against the physician for an act or omission occurring or allegedly occurring in the physician's capacity as an employee of a hospital.

~~(c) A physician licensed under IC 25-22.5 who is an employee of a governmental entity (as defined in section 49 of this chapter) shall be considered a public employee for purposes of IC 34-13-3-3(21).~~

~~(d)~~ (c) For purposes of IC 34-13-3 and IC 34-13-4, the term includes a person that engages in an act or omission before July 1, 2004, in the person's capacity as:

- (1) a contractor under IC 6-1.1-4-32 (repealed);
- (2) an employee acting within the scope of the employee's duties for a contractor under IC 6-1.1-4-32 (repealed);

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(3) a subcontractor of the contractor under IC 6-1.1-4-32 (repealed) that is acting within the scope of the subcontractor's duties; or

(4) an employee of a subcontractor described in subdivision (3) that is acting within the scope of the employee's duties.

SECTION 5. IC 34-13-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.47-2006, SECTION 48, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 3. A governmental entity or an employee acting within the scope of the employee's employment is not liable if a loss results from the following:

(1) The natural condition of unimproved property.

(2) The condition of a reservoir, dam, canal, conduit, drain, or similar structure when used by a person for a purpose that is not foreseeable.

(3) The temporary condition of a public thoroughfare or extreme sport area that results from weather.

(4) The condition of an unpaved road, trail, or footpath, the purpose of which is to provide access to a recreation or scenic area.

(5) The design, construction, control, operation, or normal condition of an extreme sport area, if all entrances to the extreme sport area are marked with:

(A) a set of rules governing the use of the extreme sport area;

(B) a warning concerning the hazards and dangers associated with the use of the extreme sport area; and

(C) a statement that the extreme sport area may be used only by persons operating extreme sport equipment.

This subdivision shall not be construed to relieve a governmental entity from liability for the continuing duty to maintain extreme sports areas in a reasonably safe condition.

(6) The initiation of a judicial or an administrative proceeding.

(7) The performance of a discretionary function; however, the provision of medical or optical care as provided in IC 34-6-2-38 shall be considered as a ministerial act.

(8) The adoption and enforcement of or failure to adopt or enforce a law (including rules and regulations), unless the act of enforcement constitutes false arrest or false imprisonment.

(9) An act or omission performed in good faith and without malice under the apparent authority of a statute which is invalid if the employee would not have been liable had the statute been valid.

(10) The act or omission of anyone other than the governmental

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entity or the governmental entity's employee.

(11) The issuance, denial, suspension, or revocation of, or failure or refusal to issue, deny, suspend, or revoke any permit, license, certificate, approval, order, or similar authorization, where the authority is discretionary under the law.

(12) Failure to make an inspection, or making an inadequate or negligent inspection, of any property, other than the property of a governmental entity, to determine whether the property complied with or violates any law or contains a hazard to health or safety.

(13) Entry upon any property where the entry is expressly or impliedly authorized by law.

(14) Misrepresentation if unintentional.

(15) Theft by another person of money in the employee's official custody, unless the loss was sustained because of the employee's own negligent or wrongful act or omission.

(16) Injury to the property of a person under the jurisdiction and control of the department of correction if the person has not exhausted the administrative remedies and procedures provided by section 7 of this chapter.

(17) Injury to the person or property of a person under supervision of a governmental entity and who is:

(A) on probation; or

(B) assigned to an alcohol and drug services program under IC 12-23, a minimum security release program under IC 11-10-8, a pretrial conditional release program under IC 35-33-8, or a community corrections program under IC 11-12.

(18) Design of a highway (as defined in IC 9-13-2-73), toll road project (as defined in IC 8-15-2-4(4)), tollway (as defined in IC 8-15-3-7), or project (as defined in IC 8-15.7-2-14) if the claimed loss occurs at least twenty (20) years after the public highway, toll road project, tollway, or project was designed or substantially redesigned; except that this subdivision shall not be construed to relieve a responsible governmental entity from the continuing duty to provide and maintain public highways in a reasonably safe condition.

(19) Development, adoption, implementation, operation, maintenance, or use of an enhanced emergency communication system.

(20) Injury to a student or a student's property by an employee of a school corporation if the employee is acting reasonably under a

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discipline policy adopted under ~~IC 20-33-8-7(b)~~. **IC 20-33-8-12.**
 (21) An error resulting from or caused by a failure to recognize
 the year 1999; 2000; or a subsequent year; including an incorrect
 date or incorrect mechanical or electronic interpretation of a date;
 that is produced; calculated; or generated by:

(A) a computer;

(B) an information system; or

(C) equipment using microchips;

that is owned or operated by a governmental entity. However, this
 subdivision does not apply to acts or omissions amounting to
 gross negligence; willful or wanton misconduct; or intentional
 misconduct. For purposes of this subdivision, evidence of gross
 negligence may be established by a party by showing failure of a
 governmental entity to undertake an effort to review, analyze,
 remediate, and test its electronic information systems or by
 showing failure of a governmental entity to abate, upon notice, an
 electronic information system error that caused damage or loss.
 However, this subdivision expires June 30, 2003.

~~(22)~~ (21) An act or omission performed in good faith under the
 apparent authority of a court order described in IC 35-46-1-15.1
 that is invalid, including an arrest or imprisonment related to the
 enforcement of the court order, if the governmental entity or
 employee would not have been liable had the court order been
 valid.

~~(23)~~ (22) An act taken to investigate or remediate hazardous
 substances, petroleum, or other pollutants associated with a
 brownfield (as defined in IC 13-11-2-19.3) unless:

(A) the loss is a result of reckless conduct; or

(B) the governmental entity was responsible for the initial
 placement of the hazardous substances, petroleum, or other
 pollutants on the brownfield.

SECTION 6. IC 34-30-2-84.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: **Sec. 84.7. IC 20-33-8-8 (Concerning
 school corporation personnel who take reasonable actions under a
 school discipline policy).**

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COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Education and Career Development, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 335, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 3, between lines 28 and 29, begin a new paragraph and insert:
"SECTION 3. IC 20-33-8-9, AS ADDED BY P.L.1-2005, SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 9. (a) This section applies to an individual who:

- (1) is a teacher or other school staff member; and
- (2) has students under the individual's charge.

(b) An individual may take any action that is reasonably necessary to carry out or to prevent an interference with an educational function that the individual supervises.

(c) Subject to rules of the governing body and the administrative staff, an individual may remove a student for a period that does not exceed five (5) school days from an educational function supervised by the individual or another individual who is a teacher or other school staff member.

(d) If an individual removes a student from a class under subsection (c), the principal may place the student in another appropriate class or placement or into inschool suspension. The principal may not return the student to the class from which the student was removed until the principal has met with the student, the student's teacher, and the student's parents to determine an appropriate behavior plan for the student. If the student's parents do not meet with the principal and the student's teacher within a reasonable amount of time, the student may be moved to another class at the principal's discretion."

Page 4, line 14, strike "(d)" and insert "(c)".

Page 7, after line 8, begin a new paragraph and insert:

SECTION 5. IC 34-30-2-84.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: **Sec. 84.7. IC 20-33-8-8 (Concerning school corporation personnel who take reasonable actions under a**

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school discipline policy).".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.
and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 335 as introduced.)

LUBBERS, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 0.

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